THE KING'S AUTHORITY --MARK 1:12-20--

INTRODUCTION:

Mark's gospel as we have already seen is fast paced. Mark continues this rapid pace in today's passage. The word "immediately" that he uses liberally appears three times in the nine verses we will look at today. These nine verses cover three events that take place during the early days of Jesus public ministry. First, Jesus' temptation in the wilderness. Second, the start of His ministry in Galilee. Third, the calling of His first four disciples. Each of these events is covered very quickly, but these three events are put together to provide the details needed to establish Jesus Christ's royal qualifications, these three events show us His royal authority. First, He demonstrates His royal authority over all evil forces by defeating His archenemy Satan. Second, He shows His sovereignty by preaching His kingdom message of salvation from sin. Third, His authority is seen in His command to His servants to follow Him.

AUTHORITY OVER SATAN (Mark 1:12-13) a. Matthew, Mark, and Luke each record Jesus' right after His baptism. b. During the earthly ministry of there is a paradox that is visible all the way through to the cross. c. Mark tells us that the Spirit _____ Jesus to go out into the wilderness. d. Mark does not come right out and tell us the for which Jesus was in the wilderness. (Matthew 4:1) e. Just because the Spirit led Jesus Christ to the wilderness where He would be tempted, it is important to understand that _____ is never the tempter. (James 1:13; Genesis 3:15)) f. The Judean where it is believed that Jesus was is an arid, inhospitable desert that stretches west from the Dead Sea toward Jerusalem. g. Mark only gives us a summary of Jesus time in the wilderness telling us that He was in the wilderness for being tempted by Satan. (Matthew 4:1-11; Luke 4:1-13)

h	. Matthew and Lukes account of Jesus' temptation imply that		
	Satan's primary assault on Jesus was in His role as the		
	Servant.		
i.			
	Satan.		
AUTHORITY OVER SIN (Mark 1:14-15)			
a. Mark's concise description of Jesus' temptation is fol			
	another brief description introducing the		
	ministry of Jesus Christ.		
b	o. Mark records that when Jesus came into Galilee, He can		
	preaching the of God.		
c			
	proclamation of a king and his		
đ	When Jesus said, "the time is fulfilled" He meant that His		
	coming, His incarnation marked the point of		
	salvation history.		
e	. When Jesus spoke of the it is important to		
·	understand that it exists in three dimensions.		
f	How does a child of Satan, a sinner from Satan and		
1	enter Christ's kingdom?		
	enter emist s kingdom.		
Δ	AUTHORITY OVER SINNERS (Mark 1:16-20)		
	As we come to the third event in this passage, we have seen		
и	Jesus Christ display His authority over in the		
	wilderness and declare His authority over in the gospel.		
h	. Mark now shows us that Christ demonstrates His authority in		
U	the lives He and then delegates that authority to		
	them to empower them for use in His kingdom.		
0			
c.	of Galilee, He saw Simon and Andrew, the brother of Simon,		
	casting a net in the sea; for they were" (Mark		
.1	1:16, NASB95) He same to them slong the second Galilea a		
a	He came to them along the of the Sea of Galilee, a		
	large freshwater lake in the region of Galilee.		
e	. When Jesus saw them from the shore, He to them.		

II.

III.

f.	Jesus promised that He wou	ld make them become fishers of	
g.	The same scene is basically repeated in verses 19-20 where Jesus and empowered two more disciples to follow		
h.	Him.		
	This same kind of	is repeated as Jesus calls the	
	rest of the disciples.		

CONCLUSION:

The authority and power of the Lord Jesus Christ over sin and Satan is still at work today, it is demonstrated every time a repentant sinner's unredeemed heart is given life and set free from Satan's dominion and sin's power and penalty. When Jesus saves us and delivers us from sin, the King then employs us for His service, He empowers us through His Holy Spirit to be used to advance His kingdom. All of this takes place under the authority of His sovereign right as the divine messianic King. The One who defeated Satan, both in the wilderness and at the cross; the One who declared victory over sin, through the preaching of the gospel; and the One who continually demonstrates His power in the lives of those whom He saves and empowers—He alone is the messianic King, He alone is the Savior and the beloved Son of God. All rule, authority, power, and dominion belong to Him.